

P E N A R T H U R B A N D I S T R I C T
 C O U N C I L

CHAIRMAN Councillor W. A. Pritchard

VICE- CHAIRMAN Councillor G. Hallett.

MEMBERS.

Coun.	J. W. Jones	Coun.	H. J. Cook
"	G. A. Moon	"	A. C. J. White
"	G. Barrett	"	W. R. Jeffcott
"	A. C. Davies	"	A. Brockington
"	F. R. Cratchley	"	K. S. Lewis.

CLERK TO THE COUNCIL.

Thomas John, Esq.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN Councillor W. R. Jeffcott.

MEMBERS.

All the Members of the Urban District Council.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE

All Members of the Council
with Co-opted Members.

Mrs. John Gibbs	Mrs. J. Thomas
Mrs. W. S. Angove	Miss L. M. S. Reavley
Mrs. Maillard	Mrs. L. Gibbs.

INSTITUTE

"CATHERINE JENKINS", - Beecroft, PENARTH.

Caretakers.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Cobb.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL
WASHINGTON, D. C.

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TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
FROM THE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
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GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS.

Medical Officer of Health.
Medical Officer to Isolation Hospital, and Medical Officer to
Child Welfare.

CHARLES A. JONES, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).

(Part-time Officer).

Chief Sanitary Inspector.

A. H. MOUNTAIN, A.R.San.I., S.R.I.B.A.,
Cert. Meat Insp. Royal San. Inst.

Additional Sanitary Inspector.

J.G.C.SHORT, Cert. S.I.B., M.S.I.A.
Cert. Meat Insp. Royal San. Inst.

HEALTH VISITOR.

Mrs G. M. Cowen, S.R.N. S.C.M.


For Portion of Year.

Miss L. E. Isaacs, S.R.N. S.C.M.

Isolation Hospital Llandough.

Matron.

Miss Hilda Gwynn.



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PENARTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT
17 STANWELL ROAD,
PENARTH.

To the CHAIRMAN & MEMBERS of the
PENARTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting to you my Annual Report for the year 1940 which has been drawn up on the lines indicated in the memorandum of the Ministry of Health.

POPULATION.

From the figures shown in the Registrar-General's return it will be seen that there has been an increase of 560 in the population of the town over 1939, the present estimated resident population being 16590.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The figures for the year 1940 in regard to Maternity and Child Welfare show a regrettable increase in certain aspects. The number of still-births having increased by 7 over the previous year giving a rate of 68 per 1000 (live & still births). The Infantile Mortality Rate shows a big increase over 1939 the figure having increased from 42 to 79 per 1000 (live & still births). The birth rate shows a slight increase over the 1939 figure being 12.2 per 1000 of estimated resident population. The Neo-Natal deaths number 8 which account for half of the number of deaths of infants under 1 year.

During the year there was a considerable increase in Pertussis or Whooping Cough resulting in one death, and there was one death from Zymotic Diarrhoea.

TUBERCULOSIS.

The number of cases of this disease notified during the year was 24, this figure shows a decrease of 5 over the year 1939, of these cases 16 or 66% were pulmonary. The total number of cases remaining on the register at the end of 1940 was 95 of which 65 were Phthisis.

DIPHTHERIA.

The number of notified cases of diphtheria during the year fell from 75 to 20, and there were three deaths from this disease.

IMMUNISATION.

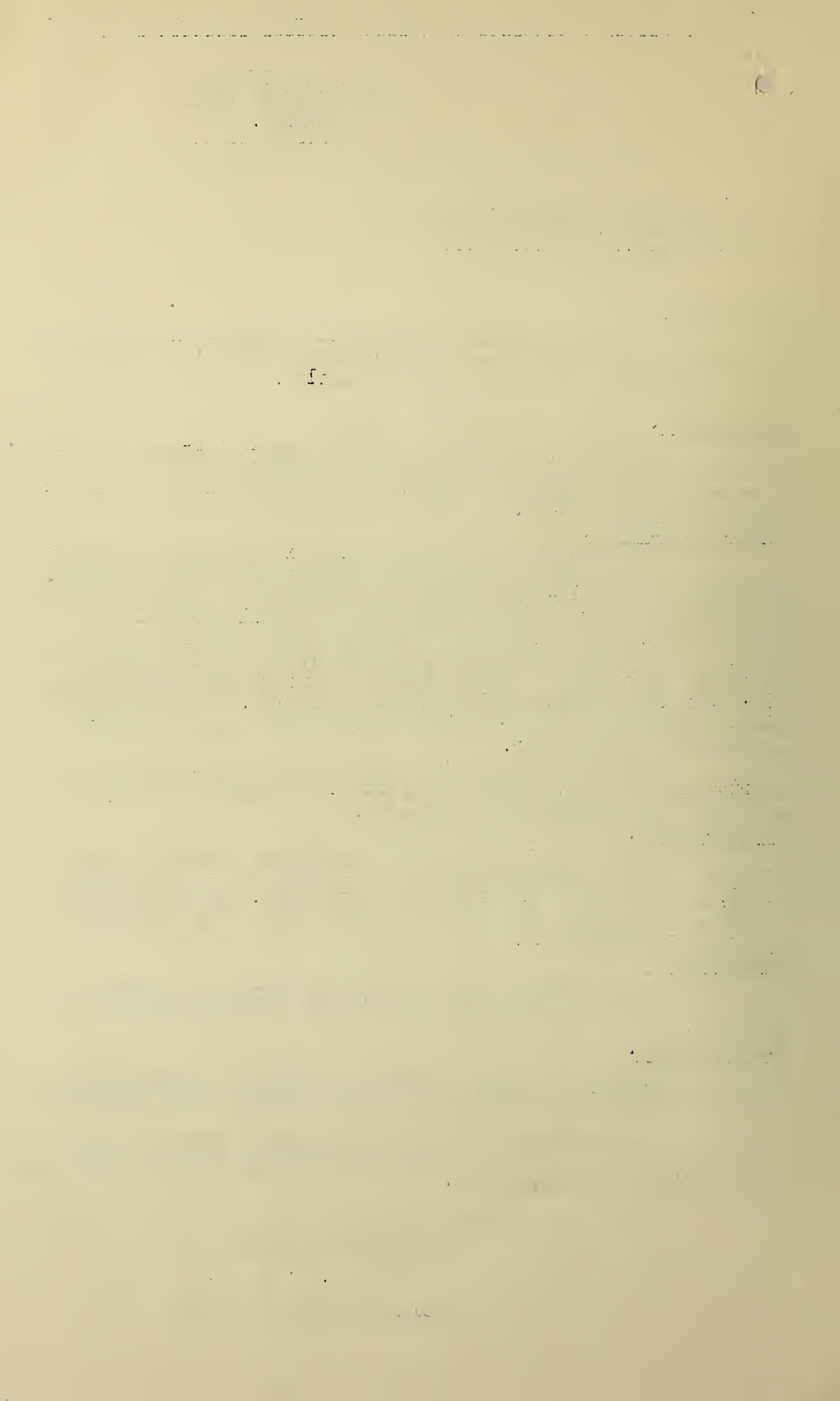
During the year a scheme of voluntary immunisation against diphtheria was introduced and 159 children were immunised.

In conclusion I desire to thank the members of the Council for their continued confidence and support, and my colleagues for their loyal co-operation.

I have the honour to be
Your obedient servant

W. A. R. Jones

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.



PHYSICAL FEATURES.

The Urban District of Penarth comprises the parishes of Penarth, Cogan and Llandough, the latter parish having rural characteristics.

The geological structure of the District is made up as follows:-

Red and Grey Marls.....	1,024	acres
Lower Lias.....	807	"
Estuarine Mud.....	250	"
Rhaetic.....	122	"
Foreshore.....	305	"
	<hr/>	
	2,508	"

The elevation above sea level is 200 feet in the northern portion of the area, with a gentle slope to 40 feet at its southern boundary.

The eastern and portion of the northern boundaries are washed by the waters of the Bristol Channel, which pursues its course towards the southern boundary, therefore any winds between a north-easterly and a south-easterly point come across the channel.

The district is exceptionally well wooded, its streets being for the most part avenues of trees, which in the summer afford a welcome shade.

It is well provided with modern public swimming baths, recreation grounds, parks, and open spaces, and possesses to the fullest extent all the conveniences and comforts so desirable in both a residential locality and a summer seaside resort, combining all the advantages of a modern well equipped town with the charm of country life and the healthy breezes of the seaside.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area (in acres), including 305 acres of foreshore.....	2,508
Population (Census 1931).....	17,710
" (Resident estimated by Ministry 1940).....	16,590
Number of inhabited houses (1940) according to rate books.....	4,167
Rateable Value (1940).....	£125,079
Sum represented by 1d Rate.....	£ 485

VITAL STATISTICS

		TOTAL	M.	F.	
Live Births.	(Legitimate	196	89	107	Birth Rate per 1000 of estimated resident Population.....12.2
	(Illegitimate	7	1	6	
Still Births.	(Legitimate	14	4	10	Rate per 1000 total (Live and still births).....62
	(Illegitimate	-	-	-	
Deaths	... ..	244	122	122	Death rate per 1000 of the estimated resident population.....14.7

Deaths from Puerperal Causes:-

	Deaths	
Puerperal Sepsis	0	Rate per 1000 Total (Live & Still) Births
Other Puerperal Causes	0	
	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Death Rate of Infants under one year of age:-

All Infants per 1000 live births	...	...	...	...	79
Legitimate Infants per 1000 live births	...	...	...	...	79
Illegitimate Infants per 1000 live births	...	...	...	...	0
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	...	...	...	...	0
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	...	...	...	...	1
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)	...	...	...	...	1

Table 1 shows the Births & Death rates for the past 10 years in England & Wales, Glamorgan & Penarth.

TABLE 1.

BIRTHS						DEATHS			
Year	Esti- mated Popu- lation	NO:	Birth Rate per 1000 Population			Under 1 Year		At all ages	
			Penarth	England & Wales	Glamor- gan	NO:	Infan- tile Mortal- ity Rate per 1000 Births Reg	NO:	Rate
1930	18490	246	13.3	15.8	15.8	10	41	181	9.8
1931	17550	211	12.0	15.8	16.8	15	71	190	10.8
1932	17700	243	13.7	15.3	16.4	7	29	172	9.7
1933	17480	194	11.1	14.4	16.0	9	46	199	11.3
1934	17360	229	13.1	14.8	16.5	11	48	210	12.0
1935	17110	208	12.1	14.7	16.0	11	53	218	12.7
1936	16380	207	12.2	14.8	15.4	11	53	181	10.7
1937	16420	200	12.2	14.9	15.3	16	80	209	12.7
1938	16080	202	12.6	15.1	15.4	11	54	189	11.8
1939	16030	193	12.0	15.0	13.1	9	41	225	13.8
Ay for 10 Yrs	17060	213	12.4	15.06	15.6	11	51	197	11.5
1940	16590	203	12.2	14.6	17.2	16	79	244	14.6

I am indebted to the County Medical Officer of Health for the statistics in Tablos 1 and 11 which shows Birth & Death & Infant Mortality Rates in England and Wales, Glamorgan and the Urban Districts of Glamorgan.

T A B L E 11.

DISTRICT	POPULATION	TOTAL No of Births	Deaths Under 1 Year	Rate per 1000 Births
England & Wales	-	-	-	55
Administrative County of Glamorgan	716400	11652	777	65
<u>URBAN DISTRICTS:-</u>				
ABERDARE	41780	569	46	80
BARRY	39730	634	41	64
BRIDGEND	13010	183	13	70
CAERPHILLY	31630	610	54	87
COWBRIDGE	1150	18	-	-
GELLIGAER	35630	710	49	68
GLYNCORRWG	9056	260	14	63
LLWCHWR	25620	396	35	88
MAESTEG	23460	443	37	81
MOUNTAIN ASH	32350	566	30	51
NEATH BOROUGH	31240	415	27	64
OGMORE & GAWR	23160	430	29	65
PENARTH	16590	203	16	79
PONTYPRIDD	38340	661	34	50
PORTHCAWL	9314	108	6	53
PORT TALBOT BOROUGH	41340	666	44	65
RHONDDA	117900	1841	120	63
TOTAL FOR URBAN DISTRICTS	531200	8668	595	67

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T A B L E 111.

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1940.

CAUSE OF DEATH	MALE	FEMALE
1. Typhoid & Paratyphoid Fevers	-	-
2. Cerebro Spinal Fever	-	-
3. Scarlet Fever	-	-
4. Whooping Cough	-	1
5. Diphtheria	2	1
6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system	4	5
7. Other Tuberculosis Diseases	-	-
8. Syphilis	-	-
9. Influenza	4	3
10. Measles	-	-
11. Ac: Polio-myelitis & Polio Encephalitis	-	-
12. Ac: Inf: Encephalitis	-	-
13. Cancer of B.Cav: & Oesoph (M) Uterus of stomach & Duodenum.	6	3
14. Cancer	4	2
15. Cancer of Breast	-	-
16. Cancer of all other sites	6	8
17. Diabetes	1	2
18. Intra: Cran Vasc Lesion	8	17
19. Heart Disease	32	29
20. Other Diseases of Circulatory System	3	5
21. Bronchitis	10	10
22. Pneumonia (All Forms)	4	3
23. Other Respiratory Diseases	1	2
24. Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum	2	-
25. Diarrhoea etc(under 2 years)	1	-
26. Appendicitis	-	-
27. Other Digestive Diseases	3	4
28. Nephritis	4	1
29. Puerperal & Post Abort: Sepsis	-	-
30. Other maternal causes	-	1
31. Premature Birth	2	3
32. Congenital Malformations, Birth Injuries	6	3
33. Suicide	5	-
34. Road Traffic Accidents	-	2
35. Violent Causes	5	2
36. All other causes	9	15
ALL CAUSES	122	122

LABORATORY FACILITIES:- The following Pathological and Bacteriological Examinations were made at the Cardiff and County Public Health Laboratory for the year.

Sputum(Tuberculosis)	...	...	...	...	15
Swabs (Diphtheria )	...	...	...	...	159
Water (Bacteriological Examination)	...				3
Water (Chemical Examination)	...				3
Milk (Ordinary)	...	...	...	...	81
Milk (Designated)	...	...	...	...	40
Plate ? B Pertussis	...	...	...	...	1
Swabs (Meningitis)	...	...	...	...	55
Swabs (Haemolyptic Streptococci)	...				4
Water (Bacteriological Examination					
Swimming Baths)	...	...	...	...	4
Water (Chemical Examination)					4
Faeces ? Dysentery	...	...	...	...	1

A. HOSPITALS PROVIDED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY.

FEVER.- Situated at Llandough and consisting of
 . An Administrative Block.
 An Observation Block, 8 beds.
 Two Wards with accommodation for 16 patients.
 Large Army Hut fitted up with Bath and Sanitary conveniences.

9 Scarlet Fever, and 20 Diphtheria cases were treated during the year. It is quite sufficient for all the requirements of the district.

SMALL POX. Arrangements have been made with the Cardiff City Authorities for the removal and treatment of any cases of Small-Pox which may occur in the district.

B. There are no Hospitals in the District for the treatment of Tuberculosis, Maternity, Children etc., but advantage is taken of the proximity of the City of Cardiff, which is well provided with large up to date Hospitals.

A large modern General Hospital situated at Llandough is within this District. It is provided by the Cardiff City Council for the treatment of acute surgical and medical cases, and contains 340 beds.

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AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

A Motor Ambulance Service is maintained by the Local Authority for the conveyance of infectious disease cases, non infectious cases and accident cases.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES.

Maternity and Child Welfare Centres are established at the Catherine Jenkins Infant Welfare Institute ("Beecroft") Stanwell Road the Methodist Chapel Cogan, and the Albert Road Wesleyan Schoolroom.

Consultations take place twice weekly at "Beecroft" (Mondays and Thursdays from 3-0 p.m.) Albert Road Wesleyan Schoolroom (Tuesdays from 3-0 p.m.), and at Cogan (Fridays from 3-0 p.m.)

Ante-Natal Consultations are held on the second and last Wednesday in each month at "Beecroft" from 10-0 a.m.

A Birth Control and a Gynaecological Clinic is held at "Beecroft" Stanwell Road on the first and third Wednesdays in each month at 11-0 a.m. under the supervision of Dr Sybil Morgan.

MIDWIVES.

There are three midwives practising in the district under the jurisdiction of the Glamorgan County Council.

DENTAL TREATMENT.

Under the arrangement made with the Glamorgan Education Authority for the service of a lady Dental Surgeon to give dental treatment to expectant mothers and children under school age. The following work was done during the year at "Beecroft":-

	MOTHERS	CHILDREN	TOTAL
No. treated	18	5	23
No. of attendances ...	51	5	56
No. of extractions ...	16	1	17
No. of fillings	3	2	5
No. of scalings and dressings	5	-	5
No. of dentures.	8	-	8

MATERNAL MORTALITY.

In all notified cases of Puerperal Fever a copy of the certificate is immediately forwarded to the County Medical Officer of Health who arranges for all investigations to be made.

CHILDRENS ACT 1908

The duties required by the Act are carried out by your Health Visitor.

There were two applications for the adoption of children during the year.

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SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER SUPPLY:- The district is within the area of supply of the City of Cardiff. It is an upland surface water from the Brecknock Beacons, and the service is constant.

By arrangement with the County Council samples are taken the County Laboratory for Chemical and Bacteriological examination.

Three routine samples were taken for chemical and bacteriological examination, two of which were from springs in the district.

REPORTS ON THE EXAMINATION OF WATER SAMPLES, 1940.

CHEMICAL.

	31. 5.40	23. 7.40	23. 7.40
Total Hardness	2.5	3.4	32. 0
Chlorine	.8	.9	2.1
Nitrogen as Nitrates	Nil	Nil	Prac. Nil
Saline (or "Free") Ammonia	.0020	.008	.0010
Organic (or Albuminoid") Ammonia	.0024	.0016	.0018
Poisonous Metals	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nitrates	Nil	Nil	Nil
Phosphates	Nil	Nil	Nil
Microscopic Examination of the sediment.	Prac. Nil.		Small Amount
	Animate Forms		Siliceous
	rare		matter vegetable
			debris. Animate
			forms rare.

BACTERIOLOGICAL

	31. 5.40	23. 7.40	23. 7.40
Bacteria developing per m.l at 20°C	12	Nil	Nil
Bacteria developing per m.l at 37°C	3	6	62
B. Coli present in	50 M.L.	Nil	2 & 10
B. Coli absent from	10 M.L.	50 M.L.	1/2 M.L.
REMARKS	or smaller		
	Fairly	Satis:	Of doubtful
	Satisfactory		bacterial
			purity.

1. The first step is to identify the variables that are being measured. In this case, the variables are the number of people who are employed, the number of people who are unemployed, and the total number of people in the labor force.

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1402

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1. The first part of the document is a list of names and addresses, which appears to be a directory or a list of contacts. The names are written in a cursive script, and the addresses are listed below them.

SECRET

SCHOOLS.

Situated in the District are the following Schools:-

Penarth Intermediate
Victoria Council School
Albert Road Council School
Cogan Council School
Penarth R. C. (St. Josephs)
Penarth Church of England
Llandough Church of England.

The whole of the Schools are provided with a constant supply of pure water, good drainage and sanitary fittings, urinals, etc., which are flushed with automatic flushing tanks.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

Owing to the infestation of bed bugs, the Council has found it necessary to make provisions for the disinfection at the minimum charge of £1-1-0 per house. The eradication of the bug is brought about with the aid of special preparations, after the removal of all infested woodwork.

- | | | |
|----|--------------------------------------|------|
| 1. | Number of Council Houses infested | Nil. |
| | Number of Council Houses disinfested | Nil. |
| 2. | Number of other Houses infested | 11 |
| | Number of other Houses disinfested | 11 |

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLIES. - MILK.

MILK SUPPLY. There are 41 retailers of milk registered in the district. They are frequently inspected, and all are required to provide proper dairy facilities for cleansing all utensils, etc..

The following persons are engaged in the production, sale or distribution of milk within the district:-

PRODUCERS.....	7
PRODUCER - RETAILERS.....	3
RETAILERS OF MILK & MILK SHOP KEEPERS.....	21
NON-RESIDENT RETAILERS.....	10

Close supervision is maintained by the Inspectors on dairies, cowsheds and on the persons engaged in the milk trade.

SALE OF MILK UNDER SPECIAL DESIGNATIONS.

- 3 Establishments are licensed for bottling and selling T. T. Milk.
- 3 Establishments are licensed to sell Pasteurised milk.
- 3 Establishments are licensed to sell T. T. Milk.

121 samples were taken to the Cardiff and County Laboratory for Bacteriological Examination.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHILOSOPHY DEPARTMENT

1950-1951

1952-1953

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHILOSOPHY DEPARTMENT

1954-1955

1956-1957

1958-1959

1960-1961

1962-1963

1964-1965

1966-1967

1968-1969

1970-1971

1972-1973

1974-1975

1976-1977

1978-1979

1980-1981

FARMS.

There are 10 farms situated in the district. Seven farm cow sheds are fitted with modern drinking bowls for each cow from a constant water supply.

MEAT, etc.

All the shops and vehicles to which meat regulations apply were frequently inspected, including 18 retail butchers shops which are kept in good condition.

FOOD INSPECTION.

During the year the following articles of food were upon examination found to be unfit for human consumption and were voluntarily surrendered from shops in the town and destroyed:-

24 Tins of skimmed milk	11 Tins of Cherries
16 Tins of Sweetened milk	6 Tins of Grapefruit
8 Tins of Unsweetened milk	14 Tins of Peaches
18 Tins of Pears	3 Tins of Pilchards
16 Tins of Tomatoes	15 Tins of Pineapple
10 Tins of Salmon	10 Tins of Fruit Salard
3 Tins of Lobster	4 Tins of Loganberries
4 Tins of Rasberries	7 Tins of Baked Beans
2 Tins of Crayfish	3 Tins of Beans
5 Tins of Soup	23 Tins of Rasberries & Red Currents
24 Tins of Pressed Beef	18lbs of Sausages
62 $\frac{3}{4}$ lbs Butter	2 Rabbits
1 Leg of Beef 93lbs	

The following articles of food were condemned following damage through enemy action:-

Jam & Marmalade	229 jars	6 Jars of Mincemeat
Coffee & Chicory	22 Bottles	18 Bottles of Sauce
Fancy Cheese	29 lbs	16 lbs Cake
Pickles	58 jars	6 Suet
Tea	11 lbs	6 Margarine
Cooking Fat	5 lbs	8 Doz Eggs
Tomatoes	7 Tins	12 Tins Grape Fruit
Oranges	7 Tins	6 Tins Pork & Beans
Pears	8 Tins	9 Tins of Salmon
Biscuits	9 Pkts	3 Tins of Apricots
204lbs Bacon.		



1. $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}^n$ 30

1. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.

1. The first group of people who are interested in the study of the history of the world are the historians. They are people who study the past and write about it. They are interested in the events that have shaped the world and the people who have lived through them. They are also interested in the changes that have taken place over time and the reasons for these changes.

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INFECTIOUS DISEASE GENERALLY.

During the year there were 9 cases of Scarlet Fever of which 7 were removed to hospital. 23 cases of Diphtheria were notified, 20 were removed to the Isolation Hospital, the remaining 3 cases being notified by Llandough Hospital.

VACCINATION.

The number of children vaccinated by the Medical Officer of Health as Public Vaccinator was , and revaccinations. There were exemptions obtained by parents under the conscientious objection clauses.

DISINFECTION.

27 patients were removed to hospital; 14 rooms were disinfected after infectious disease, and 17 bags of bedding and clothing were treated in the Steam Disinfector.

T A B L E Vll

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS) DURING 1940.

DISEASES	All Ages	Under 1	1 to 2	2 to 3	3 to 4	4 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 65	Over 65	Admitted to Hospital	Notified by Llandough	Treated at Home
Small Pox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	52	7	12	4	11	6	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	40
Diphtheria	23	-	-	4	-	1	5	4	6	2	1	-	-	20	3	-
Scarlet Fever	12	-	-	1	-	-	6	4	1	-	-	-	-	7	3	2
Enteric Fever (Incl Paratyphoid	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	18	5	1	-	-	23	2
Pneumonia	169	12	14	9	10	4	26	8	12	19	26	22	7	2	154	13
Erysipelas	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	3
Measles	20	1	4	-	2	2	5	1	1	4	-	-	-	-	4	16
TOTALS	306	20	30	19	23	13	54	18	22	43	33	24	7	31	201	74

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM

Cases notified	...	...	...	...	3
Cases treated at home	...	...	...	...	3
Cases treated in hospital	...	...	...	...	0
Vision Unimpaired	..	...	...	...	0
Vision Impaired	...	...	...	...	0
Total Blindness	...	...	...	...	0
Deaths	...	...	...	...	0

[illegible]

1907
1908

1. The first group of people who are interested in the study of the history of the world are the historians. They are people who study the past and try to understand what happened and why it happened. They use a variety of sources, including books, documents, and artifacts, to reconstruct the past. They also try to understand the people who lived in the past and how they thought and felt. Historians are interested in the past for a variety of reasons. Some are interested in the past because they want to know what happened and why it happened. Others are interested in the past because they want to understand the people who lived in the past and how they thought and felt. Still others are interested in the past because they want to learn from the mistakes of the past and avoid them in the future.

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strains. The number of transformed cells was determined by the number of colonies obtained on the selective medium. The results are the mean of three independent experiments. Error bars represent the standard deviation.

Journal of Management Education

1980

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NOY

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1. *Chlorophyll a* and *Chlorophyll b* contents were determined by spectrophotometry using the method of Lichtenthaler and Whaley (1987).

[illegible]

(continued)

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1900

Chester

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T A B L E VIII
T U B E R C U L O S I S.

AGE PERIODS	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	PULMONARY		NON-PULMONARY		PULMONARY		Non-PULMONARY	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
5 -10	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
10 -15	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
15 -20	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-
20 -25	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 -35	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
35 -45	4	1	1	1	1	4	-	-
45 -55	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
55 -65	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 and upwards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	11	5	5	3	2	8	1	
	16		8		10		1	

The Tuberculosis Physcian Dr Gilchrist has kindly compiled the following table in connection with the treatment of Tuberculosis during the year 1940:-

Number of new cases seen	...	...	...	...	96
Number found to be suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis					9
Number found to be suffering from Non-Pulmonary do					4
Number with no evidence of Tubercle	...	...	...	...	67
Number under observation	...	...	...	...	16

ADMISSIONS TO TREATMENT

	PULMONARY								NON-PULMONARY							
	1-5		5-12		15 &		All		1-5		5-15		15 &		All	
	Years		Years		Over		Ages		Years		Years		Over		Ages	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Institutional	-	-	-	-	7	6	7	6	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Domicilliary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispensary	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
TOTALS	-	-	-	-	7	7	14		-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2

PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS 1925.

No person suffering from Tuberculosis was found to be engaged in the production of milk.



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